AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (currently amended) A method to increase for RNA or polypeptide synthesis from a DNA template comprising: the steps of
- a) providing a cell-free system enabling RNA or polypeptide synthesis from a DNA template, said
- b) adding a DNA template comprising a strong bacterial promoter with at least one UP element[[;]] to said cell free system, and
- b) c) recovering said synthesized RNA or polypeptide; wherein characterized in that the ratio of an α subunit of RNA polymerase to other subunits concentration in said cell-free system the concentration of α subunit of RNA polymerase, but not of other subunits, is increased as compared to the conventional ratio of two α , one β , one β' and one σ in said cell-free system, comparing to its natural concentration existing in the cell-free system.
- 2. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 1, wherein said system enabling RNA or polypeptide synthesis from a

DNA template is a cell-free system comprising comprises a bacterial cell-free extract.

- 3. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 1/2, wherein the strong bacterial promoter on the DNA template includes a sequence from the argC gene promoter of Bacillus stearothermophilus, preferably, the sequence from nucleotide 89 to +1, when the latter is the first nucleotide in mRNA of the argC gene.
- 4. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 2, wherein said cell-free system further comprises \underline{a} purified thermostable RNA polymerase holoenzyme.
- 5. (original) The method according to Claim 4, wherein said thermostable RNA polymerase holoenzyme is from *Thermus* thermophilus.
- 6. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 2, wherein the concentration of <u>said</u> α subunit of RNA polymerase is increased by adding <u>a</u> purified α subunit of RNA polymerase to the bacterial cell-free extract.
- 7. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said purified α subunit is added to a final concentration comprised between 15 µg/ml and 200 µg/ml.

- 8. (currently amended) The method according to Claim $\underline{2}$ 6, wherein the <u>bacterial</u> cell-free <u>extract</u> extracts is prepared from cells overexpressing a gene encoding \underline{an} α subunit of RNA polymerase.
- 9. (currently amended) A method for the production of to increase the production of a protein from a DNA template in a cell-free system characterized in that it comprises the steps of comprising:
- a) providing in a reaction mixture, a bacterial cellfree system enabling the coupling of in vitro transcription of a
 specific gene from a DNA template, and the corresponding protein
 synthesis;
- b) adding to the reaction mixture the DNA template encoding \underline{a} the desired protein and \underline{a} purified α subunit of the \underline{a} RNA-polymerase; and[[,]]
- c) optionally, adding a thermostable RNA polymerase, and,
 - [[d)]]c) recovering the produced protein

wherein the DNA template comprises a strong bacterial promoter with at least one UP element.

10. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 9, wherein said added RNA polymerase is a thermostable RNA polymerase is from T. thermophilus.

- 11. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 9, wherein said purified α subunit is added to a final concentration comprised between 15 μ g/ml and 200 μ g/ml.
- 12. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 9, wherein a DNA-binding regulatory protein is further added to the reaction mixture at step (b).
- 13. (previously presented) The method according to Claim 9, wherein said DNA template comprises an amplification product of an Open Reading Frame encoding the desired protein.
- 14. (currently amended) The method according to Claim 13, wherein said DNA template further comprises an additional DNA fragment, which is at least 3 bp long, preferably longer than 100 bp and more preferably longer than 200 bp, located immediately downstream of the stop codon of said Open Reading Frame.
- 15. (original) The method according to Claim 13, wherein said DNA template further comprises an additional DNA fragment containing a transcriptional terminator.
- 16. (currently amended) The method according to Claim $\underline{15}$ $\underline{13}$, wherein said transcriptional terminator is \underline{a} the T7 phage transcriptional terminator.

17-27. (canceled)

- 28. (new) The method according to Claim 9, wherein a thermostable RNA polymerase is further added in step b).
- 29. (new) The method according to Claim 3, wherein the promoter comprises a sequence from nucleotide at position -89 to nucleotide at position +1 of the argC gene promoter of Bacillus stearothermophilus, when position +1 is the first nucleotide in mRNA of the argC gene.
- 30. (new) The method according to Claim 9, wherein the strong bacterial promoter with at least one UP element is from the argC gene of *Bacillus stearothermophilus*.
- 31. (new) The method according to Claim 30, wherein the strong bacterial promoter includes sequence from at position nucleotide -89 to nucleotide at position +1 of the argC gene promoter of Bacillus stearothermophilus, when position +1 is the first nucleotide in mRNA of the argC gene.
- 32. (new) The method according to Claim 15, wherein said additional DNA fragment is longer than 100 bp.
- 33. (new) The method according to Claim 15, wherein said additional DNA fragment is longer than 200 bp.
- 34. (new) The method according to Claim 6, wherein said purified added α subunit of RNA polymerase is different from an α subunit present in the bacterial extract.

- 35. (new) The method according to Claim 34, wherein said purified added α subunit is from $E.\ coli,\ T.\ maritima\ or\ T.$ neapolitana.
- 36. (new) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the UP element is a AT-rich region around 18-20 bp long.
- 37. (new) The method according to Claim 2, wherein said bacteria cell-free extract is from $E.\ coli$ cells.
- 38. (new) The method according to Claim 37, wherein said $E.\ coli$ cells are K12A19 cells having a $rna19\ gdh$ A2 his-95 relA1 spoT1 metB1 genotype.
- 39. (new) The method according to Claim 6, wherein the purified added α subunit is purified from cells overexpressing a gene encoding an α subunit of RNA polymerase.
- 40. (new) A method for RNA or polypeptide synthesis from a DNA template comprising:
 - a) providing a bacterial cell-free extract;
- b) adding a DNA template comprising a strong bacterial promoter with at least one UP element to said cell extract, and
 - c) recovering said synthesized RNA or polypeptide;

wherein the ratio of an α subunit of RNA polymerase to other subunits concentration in said cell-free system is increased as compared to the conventional ratio of two α , one β ,

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one β' and one σ , by adding in said bacterial cell free extract a purified α subunit of RNA polymerase prepared from cells overexpressing a gene encoding said α subunit of RNA polymerase.